

Pyramids and Other Things



by Miles Mathis

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There have been blackouts in California again. I guess PG&E read my recent comments on Erin Brockovich and wanted to cool my heels. I just came out of 48 hours without power, but made the most of it, as usual. There is nothing more freeing to the mind than lying in bed at night in the dark when you aren't tired, except maybe looking up at the stars. I couldn't look up at the stars since it is snowing here. Or, I could, but I didn't really want to. I don't own any bearskins, and prefer to let the guy marauding my trashcans keep his. So I did my midnight thinking in the warmth of my bed.

For some reason, my mind wanted to wander over the Great Pyramid again. It is because I have learned a couple of things over the past months, and those things are important pieces in the puzzle. One, I discovered Tesla was working hard on unlocking the pyramids late in life; and two, I discovered there are signs of explosions in the interior. So either someone was trying to damage the interior passages or galleries, or the explosion was caused by some sort of malfunction of the apparatus. The first has been proposed, the second has not. . . to my knowledge.

[I have been working on this](#) on and off, mostly off, for years, and I feel I am getting close to cracking it. The reason the bit about Tesla helps is that it implies he was on the same track I am. You can't even begin to understand how the pyramid works without first understanding the Earth's charge field. In my opinion, only Tesla and I have known that. Admittedly, he knew a lot more than me about electricity, working in labs, and working with machines. But I make up for that by knowing more than he knew about Celestial Mechanics. He knew about the charge field because he measured it in the lab and learned to harness it. I know about it because I deduced it from rewriting all the old foundational equations of gravity. Which gives me a leg up in some ways. I have done some things he never thought of doing, like mapping the atomic nucleus or mapping the charge routes of the Solar System. So I have been attacking the problem from more fronts, and coming at it from larger and smaller scales than Tesla.

Since I am approaching 60 and the world is very unstable, I thought it best to put to paper everything I know on the subject, or at least a broad outline of it, for the sake of posterity. The future may find it useful.

I have said before that the pyramids are definitely not tombs for pharaohs. That is an obvious dodge. So why dodge us with such a pathetic story? Probably because they are working on it as well and don't want to get scooped. I assume top people have been working on this for decades, maybe centuries. But since they don't have the main pieces of the puzzle, they haven't gotten very far. Even with Tesla's notebooks they may not have gotten very far. That is because they lacked the charge field, and it is the central player here. You have to understand that the pyramid is, in the first instance, focusing the charge field, to understand anything else it is doing, or could do. It is doing that right now, so it is semi-functional even in this derelict state.

Another reason they aren't getting anywhere is that the Great Pyramid is considered to be a national monument, one that no one would even think of restoring. It would be like restoring the Mona Lisa: *verboten*. Its use to Egypt as a tourist attraction is too great. Rebuilt, it would no longer be a museum piece. But if the Great Pyramid is actually a working super-generator, capable of supplying power to the entire Eastern Hemisphere—and I think that it is—that consideration should obviously be trumped.

But I am getting ahead of myself. The second discovery—that the Pyramid has been damaged inside by explosions—is equally important, since it sends us into new territory. Let us assume the Pyramid was not sabotaged, instead assuming it was damaged in some sort of accident. It was humming along, pulling down energy from the ionosphere, when something went wrong. I suggest there was a drought, the Nile dried up, and the water that was normally in the Pyramid wasn't there. Like an old car battery without any water in it. You used to have to keep your battery topped with water, and that is because the water is being used as a medium for the charge. It is part of the electrolyte. If your battery dries out, it will stop working, because there is no medium for the charge. But the Pyramid is more than a battery. It is a sort of battery+generator+lens, so when the electrolyte was removed, you have an immediate stoppage of a huge amount of power. So the explosion was probably more like a very fast compression or decompression. The Pyramid lost a huge amount of charge in just a couple of seconds, becoming smaller all at once. Think of how normal things expand and shrink in heat and cold, but much much moreso.

In fact, we may see evidence for that in the current state of these big pyramids. It is known by some that the faces are slightly concave. It is assumed by everyone they were built that way. I suggest they weren't. When the Pyramid crashed, it imploded, causing this compression.

So, the Pyramid crashed. But why didn't they fix it? That is the million-dollar question, and the only possible answer is . . . they couldn't. Why not? Anything you can build you should be able to repair. There are two possible answers, as I see it. 1) due to the method of construction, this interior damage couldn't be reached for repair. To get to the cracks, you would have to drill, and a drill is just another crack. Besides, they had nothing to seal them with that was as strong as the original rock compression. The overall seal was dependent on the construction, which was from precisely cut rocks of huge dimension. You can't recreate that with any sealant. Or 2) the people who had built the Pyramids weren't there anymore. They were built by off-world colonists who returned at intervals to check on us, but something happened to them and they never came back to fix the Pyramids.

If the answer is 1), then it might be that we have sealants they didn't have back then. Back then they would have just injected some sort of concrete in there, but we might be able to inject molten alloys or

plastics. It is remotely possible we know of some tech they didn't.

If the answer is 2), let us pursue that for a moment. That might tie into some other mysteries, mightn't it? What if the original people of this system weren't born here on Earth? You probably know about Ceres, the perfect Moon at the center of the asteroid belt. It has long been a big mystery—one so big even the conspiracy theorists rarely hit it. What you may not know is that the asteroids are too small in toto to be the remnants of Ceres' original planet. Ceres is .0128Moons, and the asteroid belt (minus Ceres) is about half that again. So the asteroids may be the remnants of a second moon or of an intruder, but they are not the remnants of Ceres' primary. As I have said in previous papers, the best guess is Venus was Ceres' primary, and she was originally orbiting above the Earth. There was probably a second satellite and maybe even a third.

I think these people were just like us. In fact, they *were* us. They are the ones that colonized the Earth, possibly Titan, and possibly other locations in the Solar System. So they were more advanced than we are now, but not hugely more advanced. If the Pyramids are super-generators, they are pretty amazing tech, but honestly not “millions of years in the future” advanced. Tech millions of years in the future advanced would not be made of big stones, and I would have no chance of understanding even a part of it.

I think it likely it is these people who were what we call the Cro-magnons, putting the local Neanderthals out of business. Later they came back and built the Pyramids, prepping the Earth for overflow. But something happened to them many thousands of years ago, stranding both us and their colonists on Titan. Some of the colonists on Titan may have escaped and drifted down here, but it appears they didn't know how to restart the Pyramids, either. So here we are, thousands of years later, still living the big mystery.

What happened on Venus to our old ones? I have said before that I thought it might be a Moon from Jupiter getting hit by an intruder, bumping down into Venus in its original position and causing havoc. But now that I have had more time to think on it, I no longer think that is the most likely scenario. Last night I intuited a different cause. “Intuiting” that cause required me to understand how the Pyramid here works, because that allowed me to see what they were probably working on as the next step *after* the Pyramid. If the Pyramid is drawing down energy from the ionosphere, then the next step is to draw down energy from something even bigger and more powerful: the Moon. There is a lot of energy stored in the relationship of Earth and its ionosphere, but there is far more in the relationship between the Earth and Moon. So if the Venusians had created an economy that required more energy than their own ionosphere could produce, they may have been toying with drawing down energy from their Moons, using some sort of second-generation Pyramid. Plus, we have seen that their colonists on Titan seem to have soon polluted that atmosphere beyond all repair, so they may have done the same thing on Venus. Cleaning an entire atmosphere is possible, but only with huge amounts of energy. It is possible they needed to tap their moons in order to do that.

You may not see the source of the power, since moons don't commonly have ionospheres. Well, this second-generation Pyramid wouldn't be tapping an EM source like that, which turned out to be the problem. The Pyramid would be tapping the unified field itself—in other words, the relationship itself. The potential energy stored in the system. To do that would require stealing momentum from the moons, which would change their orbits. Obviously, when you do that you are playing with fire, since if you make a mistake, it can be fatal. I would say the best guess is the Venusians made a mistake, two of their Moons collided, at least one was destroyed, and the orbit of Venus was also destroyed. She probably hit so much wreckage she was slowed down too much to maintain orbit, and began to fall.

She got past the Earth with only minor catastrophe and settled in her current orbit, but got flipped over in passing us or Mars. So she is still spinning the wrong way. No one on the planet survived it. Only those in off-world colonies survived, so it is good they colonized.

So, if I am right about the Pyramid, that should be a lesson in the distant future. Toying with orbits is very dangerous, though I think that goes without saying.

My feeling is that the Great Pyramid is repairable, and that we should immediately put together an international team to repair it. If we can't do that, maybe we can practice on one of the smaller ones, or even work on the ones in the Western Hemisphere, which may be doing the same thing. The Pyramid of the Sun apparently has interior and subterranean tubes and chambers as well, though I have never seen a map of them. They may have the same function.

The first thing that has to be done is reconnect the Pyramid to the Nile. It then needs to be filled with water, leaks filled, and the internal system mapped. The outer covering needs to be reapplied, as much as possible with the same materials as the original. The cap needs to be restored, again as much as possible like the original. All parts that have been removed from the interior need to be put back in, even if it isn't clear what their function was. Only then can we figure out how to “spark” this engine. For this generator is not only a large water-battery, it is a combination spark-plug, which won't work until it is sparked and can hold compression. It may be sparked by lightning, which will naturally strike once it is partially functioning, or it may need to be sparked by us in some way. We need a team of our best engine experts, our best EM experts, and me—our best charge and intuition expert. I think I have proved myself at seeing connections others have missed.

[**Added next day:** They are still discovering hidden architecture in the interior, [as reported today](#). They are dismissing it as a way to “reduce stress”. Right. I also note they are still selling the Great Pyramid as a tomb. Also as being built by Khufu in 2560BC. Zahi Hawass is either a liar or an idiot, and probably both. No one with an IQ over 60 would believe this structure was built as “royal chambers”.]

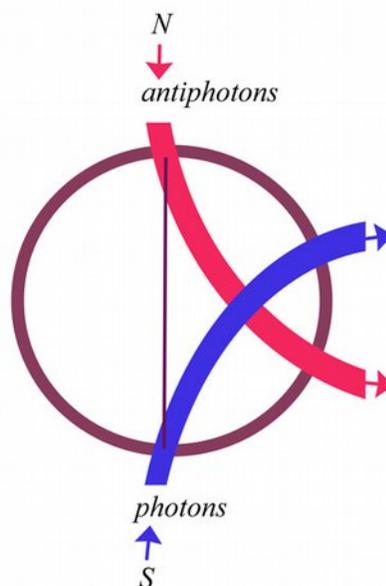
This would also explain what ley lines are. They aren't guides for alien spacecraft or fairy paths, they are landlines along which power flowed in the old days. Once you have these giant pyramids pulling down energy from the ionosphere, you have to spool that energy out into the country. That wasn't done with buried cables or power lines on poles, it was done through or along the Earth, on these ley lines. It was like wifi, but using the Earth as the medium rather than the air. Remember, Tesla didn't just reinvent wifi through the air, he reinvented wireless transmission **through the ground**. See his light bulbs screwed into the ground. He lit up bulbs 26 miles from the point of transmission, with no wires, and what most people don't understand is that it was through the ground, not the air. Why do you think they were in the ground? With correctly prepped ley lines and switch points (like cell towers without towers), the length of transmission is almost endless.

It might also explain things like Stonehenge. These were probably originally power relay stations, with the stones arranged to achieve that. Cell towers on the ground, if you will. But once the larger system was destroyed, the original configurations were lost as stones were stolen and moved. Eventually later clever civilizations rearranged them into these tinkertoy constructions, to track solstices and whatnot. These people didn't have pyramids to deal with. No, but they had watched Venus pass by, causing mayhem and lengthening the year (as the Earth moved up to make room for Venus). They had been very scared by that, as you can imagine, and they didn't know it was a one-time thing. They thought it might be a re-occurring traveler like a comet and they wanted to prepare for its next pass. Which

fortunately never came. All wasted effort.

If the Great Pyramid and his cousins are irreparable, could we rebuild them? Of course, but only if we know how the originals worked. We could never do that without knowing of the charge field of the Earth, so [my recent work](#) is important regardless. Realizing that the Pyramids are collecting and focusing real charge coming up out of the Earth is the big first step in repairing them or rebuilding them. Realizing they are electrical generators or engines is the second step. Realizing they require water is the third. Realizing they probably require a spark and compression is the fourth. Realizing part of the internal structure is a spark gap is the fifth. My guess is the water should be saline, so it needs to be backed in from the Mediterranean is the sixth. And there are others.

Others have commented on the position of the Pyramid as being no accident, but it has mainly been missed why it is where it is. It is at 30N because that is where the most charge emission is.

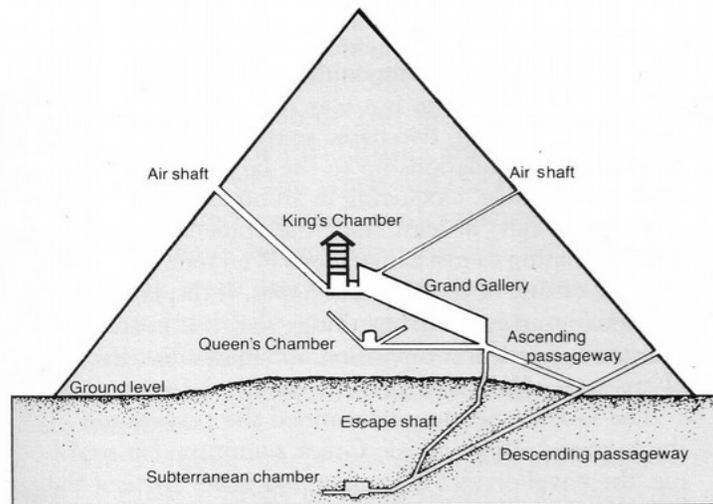


That is the illustration of charge channeling I came up with many years ago, and that I have published in dozens of papers, including my paper on nuclear architecture. Well, the blue line comes out at 30N. Since the Pyramid is focusing charge, it needed to be built where terrestrial emission peaked. But 30N goes all the way around the globe, so that still isn't enough to explain it. It needed to be built on a major river, and it needed to be built very near the delta, so that it could not only use water, but **seawater**, you see. Seawater is far more electrolytic! That indicates they weren't just using water for cooling or something, as some have suggested. They were using it like in a car battery, which means the entire Pyramid—or at least the lower levels—were completely flooded with it at all times. Researchers should have been looking for signs of this, such as sea residue on the ceilings or walls of the halls and channels. My guess is they might even find the shells of tiny sea creatures on the walls or floors, that are not part of the original rock (limestone already has them), but that are in crevices of the rock.

Which brings us to the limestone used. It is not beside the point that limestone is crystalline. I am showing you that the Pyramid is a big lens, focusing a huge swath of the charge field, so it is important to build your lens out of crystals. They don't have to be polished into glass, they are crystals

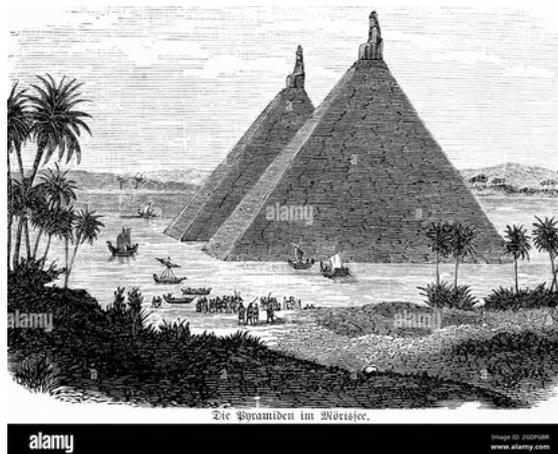
nonetheless, and so aid in channeling and focusing. Dense limestone is highly resistive, having a resistivity nearing that of rock salt. You will say this would be counterproductive, since we need conductivity, not resistivity. No, we actually need both. Think of a copper wire. Copper wire has far larger resistivity than a block of copper, so why use it? Because, once it is forced by whatever circumstance to be a conductor, it can conduct far more charge than a substance of less resistivity. It does so in the first instance simply by containing more substance. Being denser. Dense limestone has 100 times the resistivity of porous limestone, and that is mainly because there is more crystal there. It is harder to align to the field, but once it is aligned, it channels far more charge.

[Added March 5: readers are writing in reminding me to mention a few other things. One, the dolomite limestone used for the majority of the Pyramid is highly piezoelectric, so it gains conductivity under pressure. Of course those stones are under huge pressure from above, especially the lower ones. So if you have ever wondered why the Pyramid needs to be so big and heavy, that is your answer. The bigger and heavier it is the better it works. You couldn't make it out of aluminum or titanium or something. So although it may look like stone-age tech, it isn't. The materials used are actually extremely *high tech* and futuristic, compared to other things we think were going on thousands of years ago. The builders simply had the wisdom to choose rocks that Nature had already forged into the perfect substance for its use. Two, the tunnels are lined with granite, again indicating they were more than just walkways to tombs. Why go to the trouble? Well, granite also has important electrical properties, somewhat different to limestone due to its composition of quartz, feldspar, and alkali metal oxides. It is just more proof these narrow passages had an electrical purpose, and were acting like large transmission wires. Three, we should mention the 20 granite boxes in the Serapeum nearby, which are just as mysterious and electrical as the Pyramid. They can't be sarcophaguses, and they betray workmanship impossible without very advanced tools and electricity to run them. They are also too heavy to move without huge amounts of energy. So they are also part of this puzzle. They won't fit inside the Pyramids, but may have sat on top as a capstone. A similar box is in the King's chamber of the Great Pyramid, and since it won't fit out its own door, it was built in situ. Filled with the right liquid or metal, these boxes may have been the perfect final piece of the engine.* My feeling is that these boxes acted as one end of a wide spark gap, though my intuition is the other end of that gap is the subterranean chamber. This would tie the pyramid as a whole to the Earth beneath, via the main passageways. But a third box at the capstone may have helped draw that charge up in a line, as a sort of relay, creating a tight focus there and further magnifying the effect.]



Does that mean the builders of the pyramids positioned each stone with the same face facing up, as a matter of charge? Yes. Those stones have internal charge alignment, and the builders had some way of knowing what it was. Either that, or they had some way of shocking the stones with huge voltages to create alignment. The same thing would apply to stones used as switches or relays, as with Stonehenge. Those stones also have alignment, though the external relationships have been lost. But in their original configuration, they drew in charge along the ley lines and passed it on.

Added May 7, 2023: A reader sent me this old illustration from before 1850, indicating my guesses may be right. It is illustrating the pyramids as described by ancient historians like Herodotus, who said they were in the middle of lake Moeris, with the lower half being underwater. He also described large carved capstones, reaching perhaps another 80-100 feet into the sky.



They may have been statues, but I suspect they were something else. We also find this more recent photo, of the pyramids during Nile flooding.



You can see by that how near the Nile they still are. Another thing standing as indication of this is the causeways still in place. The newer Egyptian diagrams call them cause ways, maybe to make you forget to remember what a causeway is. It is raised path through or around a dammed area, telling us this was underwater.

*I will be told that doesn't fit my theory the Pyramids crashed due to lack of water. If the Pyramids crashed, they wouldn't have had the energy to power the crane used to lower the box, and it should still be on top. But it is possible they had enough electricity stored to run the city for a while, including jobs that were top priority. These boxes may have been thought to be the most important pieces of the Pyramids, and because on top, the most open to the elements. They were brought down and stored as a protective measure. That would also explain why they don't seem to fit in their enclosures: the enclosures were built around and over them by later generations, who realized they couldn't repair the Pyramids. But they could at least protect these prized possessions, which the old ones could use once they returned.